

2.5 Absolute Value Functions & Graphs

Parent function

$$f(x) = |x|$$

graph

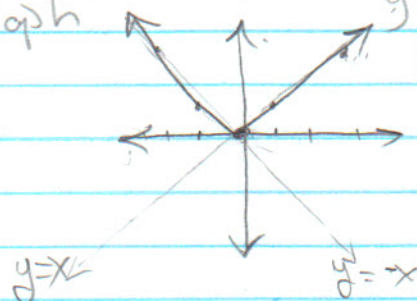
$$y = |x|$$

$$y = |-3|$$

$$y = |3|$$

① table of values

② graph



x	-3	-1	0	1	3
y	3	1	0	1	3

Domain: All Real $\{ \mathbb{R} \}$
 $\{ -\infty \leq x \leq \infty \}$
Interval $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Range: $\{ y \geq 0 \}$
Interval $[0, \infty)$
 min, max

translation $f(x) = |mx+b| + c$ $m \neq 0$
 vertex $(-\frac{b}{m}, c)$

$$y = |x+3| - 2 \quad \text{vertex } (-3, -2)$$

$m=1 \quad b=3$ $(-\frac{3}{1}, -2)$

Graph with 2 linear equations

$$y = |x-3| + 5 \quad (3, 5) \text{ vertex}$$

$$y-5 = |x-3| \quad \text{Domain}$$

case 1 $x-3 \geq 0$ $x \geq 3$

$$y-5 = x-3$$

$$y = x+2$$

case 2 Negat.

$$y-5 = -(x-3)$$

$$y-5 = -x+3$$

$$y = -x+8$$

Domain $x-3 \leq 0$
 $x \leq 3$

what if:

$$y = |mx+b| + c$$

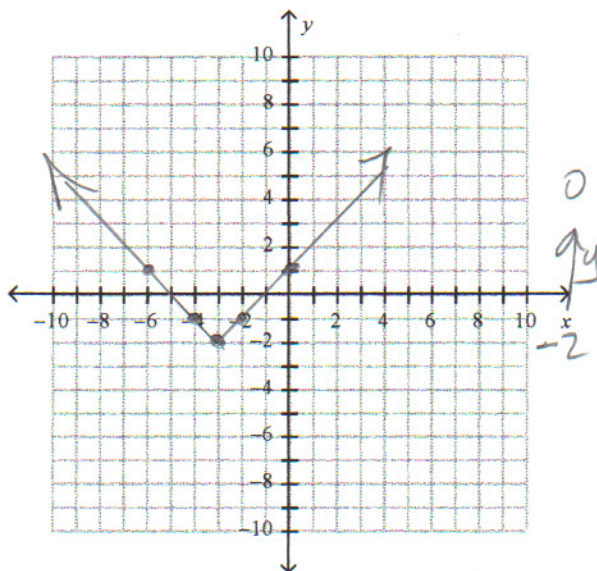
$$mx+b=0$$

$$mx = -b$$

$$x = -\frac{b}{m}$$

$$y = |\cancel{m}(\frac{-b}{\cancel{m}}) + b| + c \quad (\text{try example } \neq 3)$$

$$\text{Vertex } (\frac{-b}{m}, c)$$



Graph - vertex - table values & domain - Range

$y = |x + 3| - 2$ $(-3, -2)$ vertex

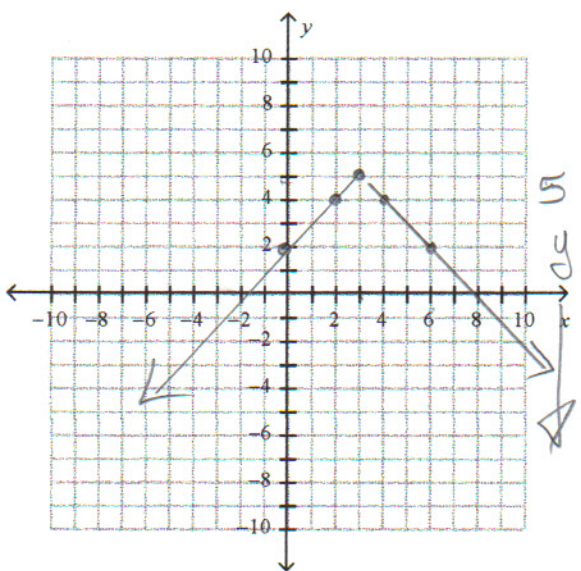
$x = h$
 $|x - (-3)|$ vertex

x	-6	-4	-3	-2	0
y	1	-1	-2	-1	1

symm

D: $\{-\infty < x < \infty\}$
 Interval: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $\{-2 \leq y < \infty\}$
 Interval: $[-2, \infty)$



$y = -|x - h| + k$ vertex
 $(3, 5)$

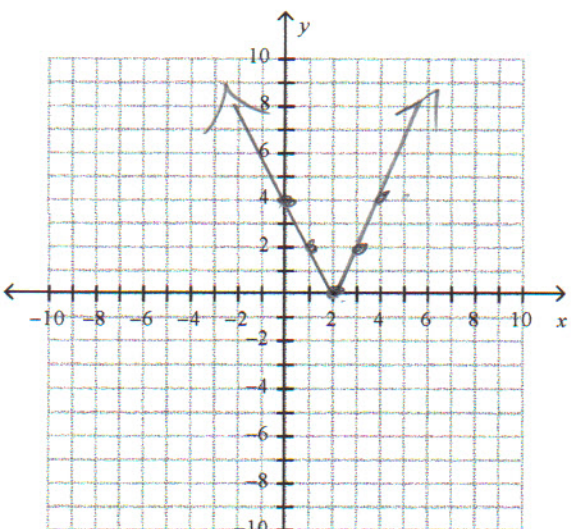
$x - h = 0$
 $x = 3$

0	2	3	4	6
2	4	5	4	2

Real #

$-|2 - 3| + 5$
 $-|-1| + 5$
 $-1 + 5$
 4
 $-|6 - 3| + 5$
 $-3 + 5$
 2

D: $\{-\infty < x < \infty\} \rightarrow (-\infty, \infty)$
 R: $\{-\infty < y \leq 5\} \rightarrow (-\infty, 5]$
 $\{y \leq 5\}$



$y = |4 - 2x|$ $(-\frac{b}{m}, c)$ vertex

$y = |-2x + 4| + 0$
 $mx + b$

$(2, 0)$

$x = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	4	2	0	2	4

$y = |-2(3) + 4|$
 $y = |-2| = 2$
 $y = |-2(1) + 4|$
 $|2| = 2$
 $y = |-2(4) + 4| = |-4|$

D: $\{-\infty < x < \infty\} \rightarrow (-\infty, \infty)$
 R: $\{y \geq 0\}$ min max $(0, \infty)$